



Listerióza - eu "case" definice

LISTERIOSIS

(*Listeria monocytogenes*)

Clinical Criteria

Any person with at least one of the following three:

- Listeriosis of newborns defined as

Stillbirth

OR

At least one of the following five in the first month of life:

- Granulomatosis infantiseptica
- Meningitis or meningoen­cephalitis
- Septicaemia
- Dyspnoea
- Lesions on skin, mucosal membranes or conjunctivae
- Listeriosis in pregnancy defined as at least one of the following three:
 - Abortion, miscarriage, stillbirth or premature birth
 - Fever
 - Influenza-like symptoms
- Other form of listeriosis defined as at least one of the following four:
 - Fever
 - Meningitis or meningoen­cephalitis
 - Septicaemia
 - Localized infections such as arthritis, endocarditis, and abscesses

Laboratory Criteria

At least one of the following two:

- Isolation of *Listeria monocytogenes* from a normally sterile site
- Isolation of *Listeria monocytogenes* from a normally non-sterile site in a foetus, stillborn, newborn or the mother at or within 24 hours of birth

Epidemiological Criteria

At least one of the following three epidemiological links:

- Exposure to a common source
- Human to human transmission (vertical transmission)
- Exposure to contaminated food / drinking water

Additional information

Incubation period 3 - 70 days, most often 21 days



Case Classification

A. Possible case NA

B. Probable case

Any person meeting the clinical criteria and with an epidemiological link

C. Confirmed case

Any person meeting the laboratory criteria

OR

Any mother with a laboratory confirmed listeriosis infection in her foetus, stillborn or newborn